Purpose

Obtain data from scholarly sources to determine what the appropriate length of stay is for emergency shelters; such as the Ruth House

Agency Overview

- Oldest and largest multicultural women's organization in the world
- Focus is on social justice and advocacy
- Provides programs and services to diverse populations
- Private and non-profit organization
- 25 million members in 106 countries
- ***** 2.6 million members in the 300 national associations La Crosse YWCA
- Serving La Crosse since 1906
- Provides over 13 programs to women, youth, children & families in the community

Ruth House Overview

- Emergency Shelter
- ***** 8 bed capacity
- Provides a safe and stable environment
- Criteria for residents: female, homeless, history of substance abuse
- 90 day maximum stay
- **Weekly meetings with the case-manager who gives** support and assists the women in obtaining resources/services
- **Women provide peer support for one another**







YWCA is dedicated to eliminating racism, empowering women and promoting peace, justice, freedom and dignity for all

Task-Attainment Scale

Task	Target Date	Completion Date
Develop Case Idea	2/2	2/2
Data Collection	3/2	2/28
Case Study Consultation	3/23	3/23
Interpret Findings	4/10	4/19



Literature Review

Outcome

Begin Research Knowledge of Research Received New Ideas Final Presentation

♦3.5 million homeless individuals in the U.S. (Markos & Leonard, 2003).

- * "Alcohol and drug dependent individuals with histories of homelessness, incarceration, and lack of social support for sobriety are particularly vulnerable to relapse without the provision of longterm community-based services that support sobriety" (Polcin, 2008).
- Individuals leaving drug treatment are often discharged with no aftercare plan = 'revolving door' syndrome in and out of rehabilitation programs
- * "Alcohol and drug-free residential settings are an essential step at the end of active treatment and need to be incorporated into a long-term recovery and aftercare process" (Markos & Leonard, 2003).
- National Institute on Drug Abuse recommends a minimum of 90 days in residential aftercare to maximize effects (Polcin, 2008).
- The research study: "An Evaluation of Sober Living Houses" (SLHs) concluded that 6 months is the appropriate length of time for individuals to reside in **SLHs (Polcin, 2009).**

Conclusion

- Programs such as the Ruth House increase the likelihood for maintaining sobriety
- *****Very little research exists on the appropriate length of aftercare
- ✤1 out of 27 evidence-based articles contained helpful information
- *****More research is needed to help programs such as the Ruth House

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