	Physical	Mental/Emotional	Social
Alcohol	 Affects motor coordination, speech and vision. Great amounts can affect respiration and heart rate. Death may result when blood alcohol exceeds 0.40 %. Prolonged use can lead to alcoholism, malnutrition, cirrhosis, and increased risk of cancer of the esophagus, stomach, pancreas, liver and heart. 	 Increased anxiety and depression symptoms Lower inhibition Reduced ability to reason and make decisions Anxiety Memory loss 	 Withdrawal from social supports Difficulty maintaining relationships Change in friend group Potential to harm others Embarrassing interactions while drunk Impact on work performance Fewer opportunities due to alcohol related convictions About 50% of college sexual assaults involve alcohol
Tobacco	 Coronary heart disease, stroke, ulcers, respiratory infections, cancer, bronchitis, emphysema, early menopause and stillborn and premature children. Secondhand smoke causes pneumonia, asthma exacerbation, and middle ear infections. Smokeless tobacco causes bad breath, unhealthy eating habits, stained teeth, inflamed gums, receding gums leading to tooth loss, tooth decay, frequent sores and precancerous patches in the mouth. 	 Increased anxiety and tension Irritability and depression when withdrawal begins Reduces natural production of dopamine 	 Isolation from nonsmokers Spending more time with others who use Exposing others to secondhand smoke Social situations can become a trigger to use Avoidance by others due to smell
Marijuana and Hashish	 Impair short-term memory and the comprehension. Alter the sense of time and reduce concentration and coordination. Increases heart rate and appetite. Risk of chronic bronchitis, lung cancer, and psychosis. 	 Panic and anxiety Paranoia Decreased motivation Loss of interest in activities previously enjoyed 	 Withdrawal from social activities Effects can lead to social deficits Memory issues can lead to loss of relationships Spending more time with others who use Legal issues

Methamphetamine – Meth, Crank, Crystal and Speed	 Agitation, violent behavior, insomnia, decreased appetite, convulsions or heart attack. Chronic use can cause repetitive behavior, stroke, and death. 	 Irritability Anxiety Nervousness, Delusions of parasites crawling under skin Hallucinations Paranoia Psychosis 	 Withdrawal from social supports Difficulty maintaining relationships Isolation Spending more time with others who use Legal issues
Cocaine – Crack	 Physical and psychological dependency Dilated pupils, increased pulse rate, elevated blood pressure, insomnia, loss of appetite, and seizures. Can cause death by disturbing the brain's ability to control heart functions and respiration. 	 Paranoia Irritability Anxiety Hallucinations Mood disturbances 	 Spending more time with others who use Withdrawal from social supports Difficulty maintaining relationships Social deficits Lack of empathy Social interactions feel less rewarding Legal issues
Ecstasy	 Memory or coordination loss, dizziness, fainting, sleep problems, chills or sweating, slurred speech, dehydration, hypertension, loss of control over voluntary body movements, tremors, reduced appetite, kidney failure, heart attack, stroke, seizure, increase in body temperature. 	 Depression Anxiety Paranoia Psychosis Feelings of detachment of self 	 Lower sensitivity to social threat and awareness of danger Can cause users to interact with others differently than they typically would Increased risky sexual behavior Spending more time with others who use Withdrawal from social supports Difficulty maintaining relationships Legal issues
Hallucinogens – LSD, PCP, Mescaline,	 Interrupt brain messages that control the intellect and keep instincts in check. 	DelusionsHallucinationsDifficulty distinguishing between reality and illusion	 Spending more time with others who use Withdrawal from social supports

Psilocybin and Peyote	 Self-inflicted injury due to stopped pain sensors. Large doses can cause convulsions, coma and death. Prolonged users report memory and speech difficulties up to a year after usage. 	 Panic attacks Distorted perceptions Paranoia Sadness Terror Psychosis 	 Difficulty maintaining relationships Legal issues
Inhalants – Gas, Aerosols, Glue, Nitrates, White-Out	Permanent brain, liver and kidney damage, bronchitis, heart arrhythmia, seizures, coma and death can occur even with the first usage.	HallucinationsDelusionsImpaired judgementIrritabilityDepression	 Withdrawal from social supports Difficulty maintaining relationships Spending more time with others who use Social deficits
Narcotics – Morphine, Codeine, Heroin	 Loss of appetite, extreme drowsiness, mental impairment and slowing of reflexes. An overdose of narcotics may lead to convulsions, coma or death. 	 Depression Anxiety Confusion Mood swings Aggression Hallucinations 	 Withdrawal from social supports Difficulty maintaining relationships Spending more time with others who use Legal issues
Steroids	 Liver disease, cancer, growth problems, bone fusion, sexual dysfunction and aggressive behavior. Risk of HIV or Hepatitis B with use of unsterile needles 	 Aggression Mania Delusions Paranoia Impaired judgement 	 Social isolation due to physical side effects such as enlarged breasts for men and baldness or excessive body hair growth for women Difficulty maintaining relationships
Stimulants and Amphetamine	 Increased heart rate and blood pressure that can result in a stroke or heart failure. Dizziness and sleeplessness Physical collapse. 	AnxietyParanoiaHallucinationsPsychosisDepression	 Difficulty maintaining relationships Increased risky sexual behavior Legal issues